



LAST EDITION
WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE
Fair.
A TIP!
If you want to do business,
advertise in The Herald.
It gets results.

MAPS FLANKED BY THE RUSSIANS

Kuroki Given a Dose of His Own Medicine.

WHOLE ARMY RETREATING

KUROPATKIN HAS RECEIVED REINFORCEMENTS.

MUKDEN, Oct. 9.—The Russian forward movement has begun, and Benislupze has been captured with a small loss. In order to gain a clear understanding of the situation it may be stated that two days ago the Japanese divisions confronted the Russians north of the Taishan river. Their left flank, consisting of two divisions, was on the railway at Sandiapu, thirty miles southwest of Mukden and close to the Hun river. Their center, composed of four divisions, occupied the railway between Liao Yang and Chai-changpu, twenty miles north. Two more divisions occupied the extreme Japanese right along the road between Benislupze and Benishu. Their front extended about fifty-two miles.

Japanese Outflanked.
The position at Benislupze was strongly fortified and intended to withstand attack. It is reported that General Kuroki was there in person. The Japanese had omitted to fortify one hill, which was the key to the position. The Russians, aware of this omission, made a wide detour, eastward and seized the hill with little opposition. The hill once occupied exposed the whole Japanese position to a heavy flanking fire. The Russians then turned the Japanese right, and the fortified positions thus becoming untenable, the Japanese were forced to withdraw hurriedly from Benislupze, fighting a rear guard action, in which they suffered heavily. The Russian losses throughout were small, although severe opposition had been expected.

Cossacks Successful.

General Mischenko's Cossacks had been harassing the Japanese outposts for several days and were entirely successful in a number of engagements. The Russian southern advance began on Oct. 4 with the occupation of Shaike, a railway station. The next day the station, which had been dismantled by the Japanese, was restored by the railway brigade following immediately behind the fighting line. The same brigade also restored the bridge across the Shaike river. On Oct. 6 General Mischenko advanced almost to the Yantai mines, driving in the Japanese outposts with heavy loss at an expense of only one killed and five injured.

Heavy Marching Order.

The Russian forward movement being made in the heaviest marching order, one sees everywhere whole companies of which the Japanese carried a large knapsack on his back, a rifle on his shoulder and a large kettle or tea pot slung to his waist, while hanging to the belt the cartridge case in front and a big wooden water bottle and an ax, pickax or spade on either side. Altogether, with overcoats, the soldiers weigh 100 pounds. The march is made steadily and cheerfully, though the column looks more like a pack train than an army. First aid stations of the Red Cross are being organized and the nurses are working untiringly everywhere. Doctors and Sisters of Charity are going to the front in Chinese carts at the rate of two miles an hour over heavy roads, but are cheerful and devoted as ever in spite of the imminent prospect of more of the difficult and dangerous work under fire which won them the undying gratitude of the army at Liao Yang.

Japanese Flank Movement.

Chinese reports of the Japanese movement state that Lieutenant General Fushimi with two divisions is moving to flank the Russians. His force is already on the Liao river with twenty-two miles of Shumatin. A simultaneous movement, it is understood, is being carried out by General Kuroki to the eastward with the object of striking the railway and flanking the Russians out of Mukden, as was done at Liao Yang, but the conditions are now rather different.

Japanese Account.

Field Headquarters of the Second Japanese Army, Oct. 9, noon (via Fusan, Oct. 10).—Daily skirmishing is occurring along the Japanese advance line. On Friday the Japanese advanced and captured the village of Sandiapu, flanked two companies of Russian infantry and two regiments of cavalry with machine guns on the right bank of the river Hun, southwest of Chai-changpu. The Russians were driven back to the northwest. The Russian casualties were fifteen. The Japanese sustained no loss. On Saturday the Japanese advanced infantry drove back the Russian cavalry at Taihok. The Russians lost from twenty to thirty men.

LONDON COMMENT.

Newspaper "Experts" Do Not Believe Russians Are in Earnest.

London, Oct. 9.—The new phase of the war involved in General Kuropatkin's stirring address to his army is being discussed by English military experts. In the light of the probable motives underlying Kuropatkin's decision to take the offensive it is not forgotten how recently the Russian plan of campaign was reported to be to draw the Japanese northward in order to attenuate their communications and hence there is greater surprise at what is considered a remarkable order. Various reasons are advanced by the critics as having possibly actuated Kuropatkin, first, that Japanese inactivity led him to suppose that he was stronger numerically; second, that intrigues connected with the appointment of a new commander-in-chief must have determined Kuropatkin to precipitate matters, and, third, and according to the English critics by far the most acceptable explanation, that he again has been overruled from St. Petersburg and is acting on imperial orders.

"He seems to be thrusting his head into the lion's jaws," says the Daily Telegraph, "under instructions from St. Petersburg to give the czar victory at any cost."

Speicher Wilkinson, in the Morning Post, takes similar views. He says that Kuropatkin's mention of the relief of Port Arthur and the decision to send out a second army he is about to risk everything in an attack by the first army suggests government pressure. If a sign of desperation, but if he is acting on his own judgment it is a bold move and he is a formidable antagonist.

While all the morning newspapers comment in a similar vein, the con-

ADDRESS ISSUED BY KUROPATKIN

Bravery of Russian Troops Extolled by Their Commander.

TIME FOR FORWARD MOVE

VICTORY PROMISED ARMY OF THE CZAR.

S. PETERSBURG, Oct. 9.—Following is the text of an order of the day issued by Gen. Kuropatkin and dated Oct. 2:

"More than seven months ago the enemy treacherously fell upon us at Port Arthur before we had been declared. Since then, by land and sea, Russian troops have performed many heroic deeds of which the fatherland may justly be proud. The enemy, however, is not only not overthrown, but in his arrogance continues to dream of complete victory.

"The troops of the Manchurian army, in unvarying good spirits, hitherto have not been numerically strong enough to defeat the Japanese army. Much time is necessary for overcoming all the difficulties of strengthening the active army so as to enable it to accomplish with complete success the arduous but honorable task imposed upon it. It is for this reason that, in spite of the repeated repulse of Japanese attacks upon our positions at Tatchekiao, Lian-dunshan and Liao Yang, I did not consider that the time had arrived to take advantage of these successes and to begin a forward movement, and I therefore gave the order to retreat.

Retreat, But No Rout.

"You left the positions you had so heroically defended, covered with piles of the enemy's dead and without allowing yourselves to be disturbed by the foe and in full preparedness for a fresh fight. After a five days' battle at Liao Yang you retired on new positions which had been prepared previously. After successfully defending all advances and main positions, you withdrew to Mukden under most difficult conditions.

"Attacked by General Kuroki's army you fought through almost impassable mud, fighting throughout the day and extricating guns and carts with your hands at night and returned to Mukden without abandoning a single Russian man or wounded man, and with the baggage train entirely intact. 'I ordered the retreat with a sorrowful heart, but with unshaken confidence that it was necessary in order to gain complete and decisive victory over the enemy when the time came.

Great Army Promised.

"The emperor has assigned for the conflict with Japan forces sufficient to assure complete victory. All difficulties in transporting these forces over a distance of 10,000 versts are being overcome in a spirit of self-sacrifice and with indomitable energy and skill by Russian men of every branch and rank of the service and every social position to whom has been entrusted this work, which for difficulty is unprecedented in the history of warfare.

"In the course of seven months hundreds of thousands of men and tens of thousands of horses and carts and millions of pounds of stores have been coming uninterruptedly by rail from European Russia and Siberia to Manchuria.

Ready to Attack.

"If the regiments which already have been sent out prove insufficient, fresh troops will arrive, for the inflexible wish of the emperor that we should vanquish the foe will be inflexibly fulfilled. Hereafter the enemy, in operating, has relied on his great forces and disposing his armies so as to surround us, has chosen as he deemed fit his time for attack; but now the moment has come when the emperor, for which whole army has been longed, has come and the time has arrived for us to compel the Japanese to go our will, for the forces of the Manchurian army are strong enough to begin a forward movement. Nevertheless, you must be unceasingly mindful of the victory to be gained over our strong and gallant foe. In addition to numerical strength, we must have the moral, the highest, the firm determination must be to prevail, to gain victory.

Importance of Victory.

"Whatever be the sacrifice necessary to this end, bear in mind the importance of victory to Russia; and above all remember how necessary victory is to the more speedy relief of our brothers at Port Arthur, who for seven months have heroically maintained the defense of the fortress entrusted to their care. Our army, strong in its victory, will then be able to advance and perform great deeds of heroism for the fatherland in all our wars and gained for itself well merited renown amongst all nations. Think at every hour of the defense of Russia's dignity and rights in the far east, which have been entrusted to you by the emperor's wish. 'Think at every hour that you defend the honor and fame of the whole Russian army has been confided.

KENTUCKY MORAL WAVE.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 9.—Milk and ice wagon drivers and bakers were known to run today as usual. Drug stores were open, and saloons, confectionery stores and such like were closed tight.

BAD LIQUOR SENT THEM ONE BY ONE TO THE GRAVE

New York, Oct. 9.—Fifteen deaths within eight days in a neighborhood known as Strykers' farms, on the west side, has started an investigation by the coroner's office. Coroner S. B. Ball says the deaths were caused by impure liquor. All the victims knew one another and a curious circumstance is that the men had attended each other's funerals until all were dead. The fifteen deaths in the eight days were in one house and two each in three other houses. All were reported to the coroner as sudden deaths.

Coroner's Physician Weston, who performed an autopsy on the body of Adolph Lehman today, said he would have the contents of the stomach analyzed.



BACK TO THE FARM.

JUDGE BARTCH FOR SENATE

Supreme Court Justice Makes Announcement of Receptive Candidacy to Be United States Senator—Will Not Make Campaign for Place.

JUSTICE GEORGE W. BARTCH of the state supreme court last night authorized the announcement that he may be regarded as a receptive candidate for the United States senate in case the next legislature is Republican. Judge Bartch's name has often been mentioned in late in connection with the position. In response to a request from The Herald to define his attitude, he said:

"Friends have repeatedly urged me to become a candidate for the United States senate. It is an honor that no man should decline. While I would not care to enter a bitter contest for the position, you may say that I would accept it if my party decided I was the man best fitted for the honor. At various times for several months past friends have suggested that I become a candidate for the senate. I have received in addition to these personal suggestions letters from my friends in the east urging me to give the matter my attention. I have many warm personal friends in the senate and my election at this time would be especially pleasant to me, as of these friends it would be a splendid way to round out a life. I have always believed an honor of this kind should come from the people and that a man should not make an active personal campaign for it. For this reason, and for the further reason that I occupy a judicial position, I shall make no active campaign, but I may be regarded as a receptive candidate."

SIX MEN MEET

Suffocated While Their Train Was Stalled Midway.

SACRIFICE OF THREE HEROES

PORT HURON, Mich., Oct. 9.—Six employees of the Grand Trunk railway were suffocated to death by coal gas today in the St. Clair tunnel, which runs under the St. Clair river from Port Huron to Sarnia, Ont. A coal train broke in two while passing through the tunnel and three of the train crew were suffocated while part of the train lay stalled in the tunnel. The engineer pulled out with his engine, but returned and lost his life in an endeavor to push the stalled cars back to safety. Superintendent A. S. Hogg and another man perished in attempts to go to the rescue of the others.

Dead.

A. S. Hogg, Port Huron, superintendent of terminals.
Engineer John Coleman, Port Huron.
Conductor Simpson, Sarnia, Ont.
Conductor McGraw, Sarnia, Ont.
Brakeman McGrath, Sarnia, Ont.
Brakeman Ellis, Sarnia, Ont.
Fireman Fred Forester, with great presence of mind, jumped into the partially filled tank of the engine, where there was enough air to preserve his life, although he is in a serious condition tonight. Forester was in the tank nearly two hours before he was rescued, and his escape is little short of miraculous.

DOWIE FOR ROOSEVELT

Official Message of the "First High Priest on Earth" at Zion City.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Apostolic denunciation of the Democratic party, its principles, its candidate for president and its individual adherents, and praise for President Roosevelt and his party were made by John Alexander Dowie at Zion City. In the first official message delivered by the "first high priest on earth."

To an audience of 5,000 persons the first apostolic denunciation of the Democratic party of the earth, and instructed his thousands of followers to vote for Roosevelt as the "great deliverer of the world."

With the sermon came the announcement of the "Theocratic party," pronounced by the general overture to overthrow government of the people for the people and by the people, replacing it by a divine system of administration that is later to control this country and finally the whole world, wiping out the republics, kingdoms and other present governments.

"A vote for the prohibition party is a vote for the Democratic party," said Dowie, "and a vote for the Democratic party is a vote for the brewer and distiller."

Parker is a prodigious son. He comes back after eating the swine hocks of these sinners for eight years, and because of his return he immediately wants to be made boss of the whole ranch. He is not pledged to the gold platform. He merely has committed himself to the fact that the country is committed to the financial plank. He still is the prodigious son, but in disguise.

All the Zionites vociferously promised to vote as Dowie requested.

WAS NO CORRUPTION

Report of the Legislative Work of the World's Fair Has Been Completed.

St. Louis, Oct. 9.—Charles M. Reeves, chief of the department of domestic exploitation, has completed his report of the legislative work of the world's fair. It shows that the states of the American Union have expended about \$3,000,000 of these splendid results. Every cent that was paid out is accounted for.

"In only one state out of the fifty-one states, territories and possessions having a legislature, the legislature of the position grounds were we approached with a corrupt proposition, and that was not made to me direct. A clique of about seven men declared they controlled the legislature of the state and proposed a bill appropriating money for the state's participation in the fair. This bill was defeated. We at once arranged a private subscription plan, which worked well, but the people without a hint from St. Louis surmised the reasons for the failure of the bill and have been told that every one of the seven was defeated for re-election at the subsequent primaries and elections. The next legislature made a rather liberal appropriation.

"Few promises were made. Neither patronage nor passes were held out to legislatures as inducements to them to support our bills."

SENATOR FAIRBANKS IN NEBRASKA TODAY

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 9.—Senator Fairbanks attended today at the Methodist church and heard a sermon by Rev. Dr. Stull. He was accompanied by Senators Doolittle and Sherman. He left for his engagements in that state, and Senator Fairbanks took a westbound train for his home in Oregon.

Senator Fairbanks left the city in his special train tonight. Tomorrow will be spent in speaking at points on the Union Pacific in Nebraska. The night meeting will be held at Omaha.

ARENTS STILL ALIVE

Victim of Automobile Race May Not Die After All.

New York, Oct. 9.—George Arents, Jr., who was thrown from his machine yesterday during the automobile race for the Vanderbilt cup, was somewhat better tonight. Mr. Arents is suffering from a fracture of the skull. He had several sinking spells during the night, but at 10 o'clock this morning he was conscious and able to talk. Although the gain has been slow, it has been steady and Arents is in a semi-conscious condition tonight. His recovery is still somewhat uncertain.

It was 2 o'clock that the decision in the automobile club of France was announced. Heat of the same club finished first, but Clements' protest resulted in the committee holding up a decision on the race. The protest was finally disallowed and the following time of the race was given out:

Elapsed time—Heath, 6:56:45; Clements, 6:58:15.

Corrected time—Heath, 5:26:45; Clements, 5:28:15.

There was much speeding over the course today and as a result a number of arrests were made, while other chauffeurs were warned to keep within the speed law.

BOUND TO TREE IN THE FOREST

Young Oregon Man Victim of Revenge of Unsuccessful Rival.

FOUR DAYS OF SUFFERING

FINALLY FOUND BY FRIEND AND RELEASED.

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 9.—Out of spite, it is thought, and evidently in order to put M. Kelley of Kelso, Wash., out of the way so as to prevent his marrying a young woman who had refused the attentions of a less successful suitor, Kelley was seized, gagged and buckled, bound by wire to a tree in a dense wood and abandoned to die for a period of four days from Monday until Friday last, when he was discovered and released. Saturday the young woman whose preference for Kelley nearly caused his death, procured a marriage license and late the same day the couple were married.

Kelley is almost a physical wreck, but from the scraps of story which he has given in intervals of consciousness, it would appear that last Monday he started from the home of a friend to go to Kelso en route to Kalama, Wash., the county seat, to procure a marriage license. On the way he was seized, bound and blindfolded by three persons, one of whom was disguised as a woman. He was then strapped to the back of a horse and taken to the woods, where he was bound to the tree and compelled to suffer unmentionable cruelties.

Thursday a note was found on the door post of one of Kelley's friends, stating the man's predicament and where he was bound. The friends proceeded to the place and released him.

The perpetrator of the crime is said to be a man who has for several months endeavored to force his attentions upon the young woman. Every effort is being made to apprehend this man, both by the sheriff of Lewis county, in which the outrage was committed, and by Kelley's friends. The whole town is intensely excited, and it is generally thought if the fellow is taken he will be lynched.

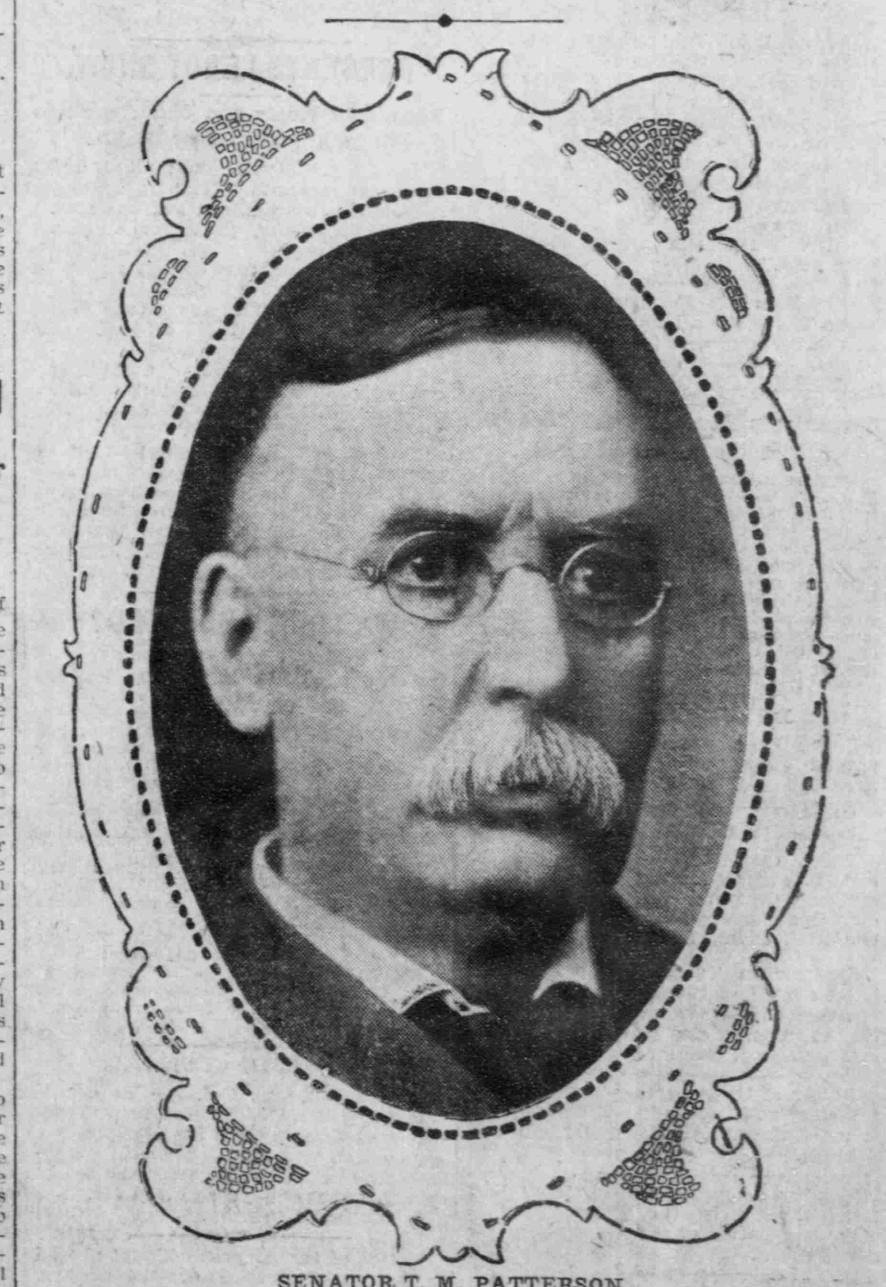
Kelley has lived in the community for more than a year and is well thought of.

IMPORTANT CHANGES ON HARRIMAN LINES

Portland, Ore., Oct. 9.—The office of the general auditor of the Harriman lines in Oregon will some time this week be turned over by E. S. Benson, the present auditor, to J. H. Sterling, who is now general freight auditor of the Union Pacific at Omaha. Mr. Sterling will not enter upon the active discharge of his duties until Nov. 1. After becoming acquainted with the workings of the Portland office, Mr. Sterling will return to Omaha and surrender his position in that city to his successor. Mr. Benson will go from here to New York city and after remaining there a fortnight will proceed to Houston, Tex., where he will assume the office of auditor of the Harriman lines in Texas.

ELOQUENT ORATOR TO SPEAK

Senator Patterson, of Colorado, To Address Great Democratic Rally in Salt Lake Theatre Tonight—Mr. Moyle and W. E. Smythe, of California, on Programme.



SENATOR T. M. PATTERSON.

Hold's band and some new campaign songs by male quartettes will be musical features of the rally tonight.

The personnel of the chief speakers is a guarantee of the best good cheer for all lovers of Democratic principles, and those who attend are assured of a clear exposition of the issues of the campaign.

Senator Patterson will speak at Provo tomorrow evening. Accompanied by Chairman Bamberger and other prominent Democrats, he will leave for Provo at 2:30 tomorrow afternoon by special train on the San Pedro. At the conclusion of the meeting at Provo Senator Patterson will be taken on the special to Ogden to make connections for Butte, where he will speak Wednesday evening.

FACTORY EXPLOSION.

Sigburg, Prussia, Oct. 9.—Explosion at a factory here, in which three persons were killed and eight injured. In the room where the explosion occurred were 6000 shells, and 100 men were at work in the department.